

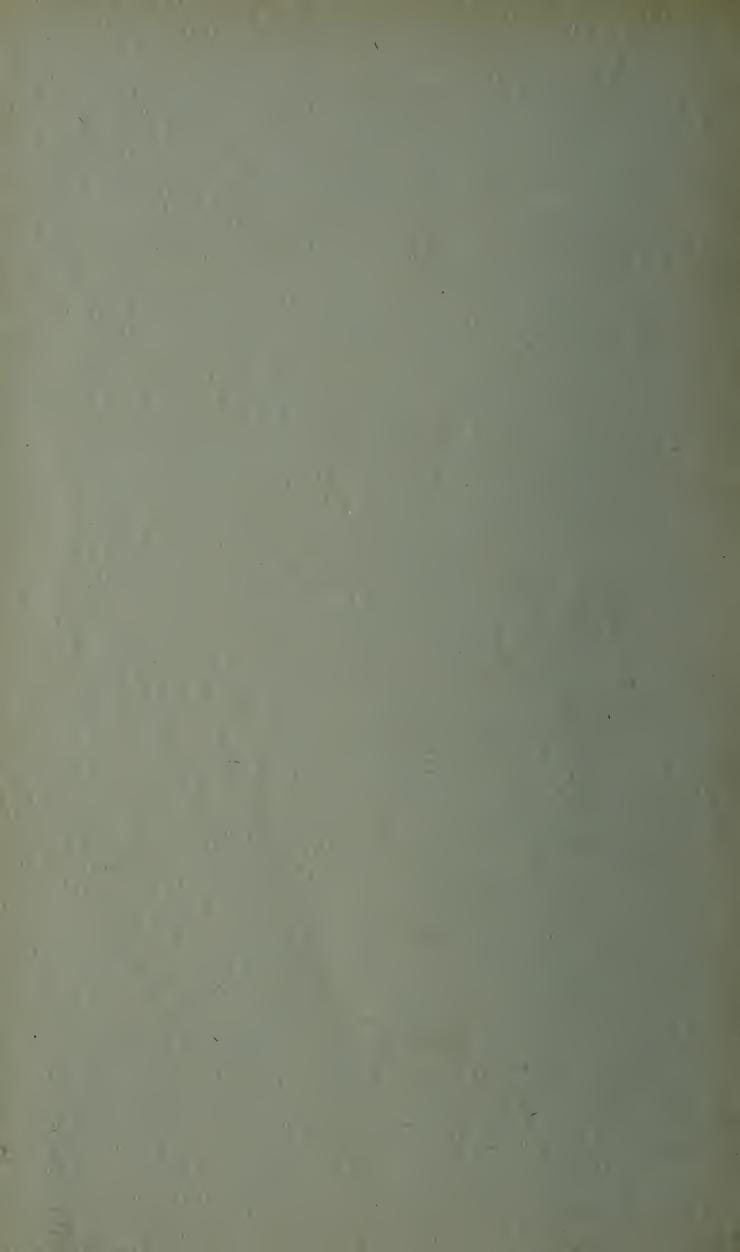
SALISBURY AND WILTON R.D.C.



MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH'S

ANNUAL REPORT

1949



ANNUAL REPORT, 1949.

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FOREWORD.

It is satisfactory to report that once again the district has been fortunate as regards the incidence of infectious disease. In this respect we compare very favourably with our neighbours.

Throughout the year we avoided all epidemics of infantile paralysis, smallpox and typhoid, diseases which are causing some anxiety in the country today and which, especially smallpox, are almost certain to become more prevalent as travel from countries where these diseases are endemic to our own becomes easier, quicker and cheaper,

In this connection it is sad to think that there are parents who will expose their children to definite risk from this disease and yet on the first note of alarm will rush to have them vaccinated. The risk from vaccination with the carefully checked and controlled government lymph is now infinitesimal.

The response to immunisation against diphtheria has on the other hand been good. We had again not a single case of this disease in the district.

During the year we had the usual outbreaks of measles, whooping cough, mumps, etc., but only one death occurred and that was from whooping cough.

The birth rate and death rate are both satisfactory figures, the birth rate being slightly higher and the death rate slightly lower than the average for the whole country. Both figures are slightly lower than last year.

OF THE AREA.

The Salisbury and Wilton Rural District, comprising thirty-two parishes, situated in the south-east corner of Wiltshire, is mainly an agricultural one, in which a good proportion of the inhabitants are engaged in milk production and the breeding or rearing of cattle or sheep, and to a lesser extent in arable farming.

There are however several other works in the area, such as a tannery, bacon and other foods factory, and gravel and sand pits, etc.

At Stratford there is a slaughter house which deals with the slaughtering of meat for the neighbouring rural districts of Amesbury, Mere and Tisbury, Wilton Borough, and Salisbury City, as well as for Salisbury and Wilton Rural District itself.

Certain of the villages near Salisbury are semi-urban in character and are quite well populated, while on the other hand there are in the district large areas of downland.

The area is a moderately prosperous one; there is a good demand for labour and consequently little unrelieved distress

The area in acres is 110,163.

The estimated population, civilian 17,090. total 17,580.

The rateable value of the district is £79,111.

A penny rate yields approximately £319 13s. 10d.

The thirty-two parishes appoint thirty-four Councillors to the District Council, which meets at four-weekly intervals.

VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

BIRTHS

Total	Μ.	F.) Birth Rate per
Live Births—Legitimate 297	155	142 1,000 of estim-
Live Births—Legitimate 297 Illegitimate 16	8	8 population 18.8
Still Births—Legitimate 9	4	$ \begin{cases} $
Illegitimate o	0	o) 27.9
DEATHS		• •
Total	Μ.	F.) Death Rate per
Deaths 191	97	F. Death Rate per 1,000 of estimated resident population 11'1
Death Rate of Infants under of	one y	ear of age:—
Number of deaths(7 legit	imate	e, o illegitimate) 7
All infants per 1,000 live bi	rths	22
Legitimate infants per 1,00	o leg	itimate live births 24
Illegitimate infants per 1,00	o ille	gitimate live births o
Number of deaths from Meas	les (a	ll ages) o
Who	ping	Cough (all ages) I
Diarr	hœa ((under two years) I

ANALYSIS OF VITAL STATISTICS.

The Birth Rate.

The year 1949 has been again a satisfactory year from the public health point of view. Our birth rate this year is 18'8 per thousand of population, which does not quite equal our last year's figure of 20'4.

The Death Rate.

Our death rate has varied very little over the past years, being this year 11.1 per thousand as compared with 12.8 last year. It will be seen on studying the analysis of death causes below that with the exception of tuberculosis very few deaths resulted from infectious diseases and none from causes associated with maternity, and that the bulk of deaths were from diseases which are more or less concomitant with old age.

Notes on Major Causes of Death.

1. Deaths from Cancer (16%).

Out of a total death roll of 191 there were 32 deaths from cancer, ie 16%. This percentage has varied very little during the last 14 years as shown below.

1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942
14%	14%	14%	15%	13%	14%	17%
1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
9%	14%	16%	15%	16%	15%	15%

Average figure 15%.

2. Deaths from Heart Disease only.

This figure is also a more or less constant one throughout the years In 1948 it was 30% and this year it is 33%. Deaths during the last 14 years are given for comparison.

1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942
33%	19%	28%	28%	33%	29%	33%
10.42		3 1 °	10.16	1045	70.0	
1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
31%	35%	29%	30%	30%	3 o %	33%

3. Deaths from Intra-cranial Lesions.

Intra-cranial Lesions accounted for 27 out of our 191 deaths. This again is a fairly constant figure.

The above three causes cover approximately 60% of our deaths.

4. Deaths from Tuberculosis (2.6%).

The actual number of deaths this year was five. It is interesting to compare this with previous years

1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942
3%	2%	2%	3%	1.5%	3.4%	4%
1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949
1.5%	2%	1.5%	2%	2.8%	2·73%	2.6%

It should be remembered in reading the above figures that the number of deaths is a small one and that therefore the occurrence of one or two additional deaths makes a relatively greater difference in the percentage figure than when dealing with large numbers. Taking this into consideration it will be seen that the death rate is slightly lower than in 1936.

5. Other Deaths.

These run more or less on a par with other years and call for no special comment.

Causes of Death.

Total Deaths 191 (Male 97, Female 94).

	Actual Number	% total of	% total of
	of Deaths		Deaths
	1949	1948	1949
	, , ,		717
Usual Infectious diseases excluding Tuberculosis	2	o	1'04
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary			
5, Non Pulmonary o)	5	2.73	2'61
Cancer	32	178	16.75
Diabetes	O	0'45	0.00
Intracranial Lesions	27	16.9	14.14
Heart Diseases	64	27.4	33.60
Other Diseases of the			
Circulatory System	13	4.10	6.80
Bronchitis	0	4.10	0,00
Pneumonia	5	2.73	2.61
Other respiratory diseases	2	2.43	1.04
Ulcer of stomach or duo-			
denum	I	1.40	0.25
Appendicitis	o	1.40	0.00
Other digestive diseases	6	1'40	3.13
Nephritis	2	1.82	1'04
Premature Birth	2	1.85	1.04
Congenital Birth Injuries	3	2.73	1'57

Suicide	• • •	0	0.30	0,00
Road traffic accidents	S	2	0.45	1.04
Other violent causes		2	2.30	1.04
All other causes	• • •	17	6.84	8:90
Diarrhœa (under 1 ye	ear)	I	0.00	0,25
Syphylitic Diseases	• • •	I	0.00	o [.] 52
Influenza	• • •	4	0.00	2.09
		191		100,00

The following table shows the Birth-rates, Civilian Death-rates, Analysis of Mortality, Maternal Mortality, and Case-rates for certain Infectious Diseases in the year 1949, in certain groups, for comparison with those obtaining in Salisbury and Wilton Rural District.

Birth-rates, Civilian Death-rates, Analysis of Mortality, Maternal Mortality and Case-rates for certain Infectious Diseases in the year 1949.

100 200 001
0.51 0.50 0.49 0.59 0.23

Notifications (corrected)					-	
I ypnoid Fever	:	10.0	10.0	0 0 1	10.0	00.0
Paratyphoid Fever	:	10.0	0.02	10.0	100	00.0
Cerebro-spinal Fever	:	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03	000
Scarlet Fever		89.1	1.72	1.83	1.46	0.00
Whooping Cough	:	2.39	2.44	2,39	02.1	3 80
Diphtheria	:	0.04	90.0	0.04	20.0	00.0
Eryesipelas		61.0	0.20	61.0	21.0	0.02
Smallpox	•	00.0	00.0	0,00	0.00	00.0
Measles	:	8.95	16.8	9,18	8.54	96.5
Fneumonia	:	08.0	16.0	29.0	0.55	0.35
Acute Poliomyelitis	*	0.13	0.13	0.12	81.0	00.0
Acute Polioencephalitis		0.01	10.0	0.05	10.0	00.0
Food Poisoning		0.14	91.0	0.14	0.19	00.0
		Rates per	Rates per 1.000 Live Births	Sirths		
Deaths.		L				
All causes under one year	L.					
of age Enteritie and Diarrhosa		32	37	30	29	22
	3	3.0	3.8	2,4	4.1	90.0

The Maternal Mortality rate in the Salisbury and Wilton Rural District was nil.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

The following cases of infectious disease were reported during the year:

Scarlet Fever	•••	ξ
Whooping Cough	• • •	6 6
Measles		102
Acute Pneumonia	• • •	6
Erysipelas		1

Tuberculosis—Primary cases only.

Pulmonary—11 cases.
Other than Pulmonary—3 Cervical Glands.
1 Pleura.

Total 4

	•		N	ew Cases	
Age Perio	od		nonary	Non-Pul	monary
		M	F	M	F
.0					
I		r		•	
5					
10		>	1	I	I
15	•••	I	I		ſ
20	• • •	ī			I
25	• •	I	3		
35_		ſ	2		
45					
55	••		•		
65 & upw	ards				
Age not k	nown				
Totals	6. 0 0	4	7	I	3

Details of PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION in the District.

Hospitals.

Three Hospitals serve the district. Two of these, Odstock and Salisbury Infirmary, take the general cases and the third, Old Sarum, takes the Infectious cases.

Ambulance Service.

Existing Ambulance services still continue under the direction of the Wiltshire County Council,

Laboratory Facilities.

The examination of Swabs, Water Samples, etc., is carried out at the Pathological Laboratory at Salisbury Infirmary.

Care of Aged.

The accommodation offered at Tower House has recently been greatly improved and now includes a sick bay in the grounds The position is now as satisfactory as institutional care can make it. It is however hoped that when the acute housing shortage is relieved consideration may be given to the housing of these old people requiring care and attention.

Public Health Staff.

The staffing of the Public Health Department is as follows:—

Medical Officer of Health,

Two Sanitary Inspectors holding the additional qualification of Meat and Food Inspectors.

One Housing and Technical Assistant.

Two Clerical Assistants.

HOUSING. The follow adjusted t	wing to tak	schedule	sets out t	the position	on at the t have bec	The following schedule sets out the position at the end of the year; the totals have been adjusted to take into account premises that have become void.	ear; the to	otals have	been
PARISH		ESTIMATED OF HOUSES 1945	ATED NO. OF OUSES 1945	POST W.	AR NEW DWE COMPLETED AT 31-12-49	POST WAR NEW DWELLINGS COMPLETED AT 31-12-49	TOTAL	DWELLIN UNJ CONSTR 31-1	DWELLING HOUSES UNDER CONSTRUCTION 31-12-49
		Private	L.A.	L.A.	Private	Conversion Adaptation Hutted Camps, etc.		L.A.	Private
	:	301			3	26	331		
Barford St. Martin		191		4			195		
Berwick St. James	:	43		4		9	53		
Bishopstone and Stratford Tony	:	164	14	4		-	183		
:	:	114	2	4			120	1	1
:	:	74	1		, 1		74	1	1
:	•	177	4	4	1		186		1
:	·	82	2	4			88		1
Clarendon Park	:	82				∞	06	1	1
Compton Chamberlayne		55				_	56		
Coombe Bissett		139	2	1	1	1	141	4	1
	:	454	22	8	11	24	519	1	2
		101	κ,			16	116		

1																		
l	1		1			1			1	-		1		1	1	1		1
	I		∞		1		4	Ì	24		9		1	4	1	4	1	[
20	158	88	166	293	69	154	143	120	269	140	85	151	62	48	282	319	78	151
	4	1	3	8	Ţ	1	1	10	15	10		1		1	4	4		1
S		8	8	6					N	10				_	6	2		
	9			-		4	4.		22	∞	9	∞			10	4	4	
2	∞		1	12			4			12	1	2				9	4	∞
63	140	84	160	269	89	150	134	110	929	100	78	141	62	. 47	259	303	20	142
			:		:			:	:	:	:		:	:			:	
			:		:		:	:	:		:	:	:	•		:	•	
		:	:	:	:						:		:	:	•	:	:	:
Ebbesbourne Wake	Fovant	Grimstead	Landford	Laverstock	Netherhampton	Odstock	Pitton and Farley	Quidhampton	Redlynch	South Newton	Stapleford	Steeple Langford	Stratford Sub Castle	West Dean	Whiteparish	Winterslow	Wishford	Wylye

During the year the Housing Committee was energetic in getting on with the housing programme, though progress is of necessity slow, considering the great number of houses still needed. The waiting list of persons desirous of building their own houses continues to grow and many of the smaller builders should be encouraged to build dwelling houses in order to reduce the long waiting list for both Local Authority and Private Enterprise houses. The serious effect on family life of living in apartments, sub-standard houses and with 'in-laws' is made only too plain by the pathetic cases that call at the office for guidance and help

Reconstruction of Cottages.

It is very satisfactory to note that a total of 31 cottages were reconstructed and provided with modern amenities and drainage during the past year. This reflects great credit on the Sanitary Inspectors who have spent a great deal of time interviewing owners and visiting these cottages to ensure that the work has been done satisfactorily. While the limits on reconstruction allowed by Building Licensing still operate to the full I think it is only fair to say that the very best use has been made of the "monetary ceiling" set by the Ministry of Works. The efforts of the senior Sanitary Inspector and his staff are yielding good results in this very important section of the Housing Programme by increasing the effective life of existing houses.

I have great pleasure in reporting that during the year good results attended the efforts of the Sanitary Inspectors to abolish pail closets, and a total of 22 were last year converted to water closets.

WATER SUPPLY.

During the year progress has been made with schemes for supplying piped water to the district, yet much more remains to be done, and though progress is slow many of the inhabitants of the district can look forward to the benefits of a piped supply of water in the not too distant future.

The following schedule shows the present position in the various parishes.

x. S -			0			At the time of writing this report a scheme is being prepared to purchase water in bulk from Salisbury City and lay mains in village.		
Approx. % of supplies connected to house	%86		%09-05	20%	20%	%05		
Source of Supply	Piped supply from main owned by the Earl of Rad-nor.	Private Wells.	Mainly supplied from Manor Farm Supply.	Wells and private Supplies.	Wells and private Supplies	Wells and Private Supplies.	Wells.	Wells & Private Supplies.
No. of houses	329	195	84	183	116	74	181	84
Registrar General's Estimated Population at March	1003	527	136	515	359	345	611	232
PARISH	Alderbury	Barford St. Martin	Berwick St. James	Bishopstone and Stratford Toney	Bowerchalke	Britford	Broadchalke	Burcombe

			This village will eventually be supplied from the Fovant Source,	Water mains will soon be laid by the West Hants Water Supply Co,		Agreement has been reached with the Air Ministry for a supply of water in bulk for this village and at the time of writing this report mains are being laid to supply the whole village.	A new bore hole has been drilled at Farley and a scheme to supply this parish from the source is well advanced.
%08	%08		%06		%26		10%
Estate Private Supply	Wells and Private piped supply.	Wells and private piped supply.	Supplied from Manor Farm Private Supply.	Wells	Supplied by Manor Farm scheme, leased and managed by the Council.	Springs	Private wells, and part of West Grimstead supplied by the Earl of Radnor's Supply.
88	55	141	216	515	69	151	87
311	135	382	444	1861	199	420	342
Clarendon Park	Compton	Coombe Bissett	Dinton	Downton	Ebbesbourne Wake	Fovant	Grimstead

REMARKS	Now included in Statutory area to be supplied by W. H. Water Co.		A scheme has been prepared for a piped supply to this parish.			Negotiations are in progress for this village to be supplied in bulk from Wilton Borough.		The water supply to this village is far from satisfactory.
Approx. % of supplies connect- ed to house		20%	10%	75%	%96/56	%86	%09	
Source of Supply	Wells	Wells and bulk supply from Salisbury City.	Wells and private piped supply.	Mainly supplied from Longford Estate Supply.	Public Supply.	Supplied by mains from Salisbury City Supply.	West Hants Water Co.	Private Wells
No. of houses	166	269	89	154	143	120	699	137
Registrar General's Estimated Population at March	484	1164	184	432	416	477	2097	448
PARISH	Landford	Laverstock and Ford	Netherhampton	Odstock	Pitton and Farley	Quidhampton	Redlynch	South Newton

Stapleford	221	62	Private Wells		The water supply to this village is far from satisfactory.
Steeple Langford	485	151	Private Wells		A scheme for supplying this village has been approved and a new starting date of Sept, 1st, 1950, awarded for this very necessary work.
Stratford-sub-Castle	237	62	Water supplied by mains purchased in bulk from Salisbury City.	%86	
West Dean	185	48	Practically whole of village supplied by the Norman Court Estate.		
Whiteparish	856	268	Public supply owned and controlled by the R.D.C.	%26	
Winterslow	886	314	Winterslow Water Supply Co.	%26	
Wishford	246	74	Private Wells		
Wylye	322	150	Private Wells		A scheme for supplying this village has been approved and a new starting date of September 1st, 1950, awarded for this very necessary work

Samples.

Seventy-six samples of water were taken during the year.

Regular samples were taken from all the public supplies during the past year and all these proved to be consistently satisfactory.

Many of the samples from private sources were polluted but after remedial works had been carried out the majority proved to be satisfactory.

FACTORY ACTS, 1937 and 1948.

Factories - Premises.

		No of inspections	No. of written notices	No of occupiers prosecuted
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, & 6 are to be enforced by the Local Author-				
ities	22	10		
Factories not included in (1) to which Section 7 applies (a) Subject to the Local Authorities (Transfer of Enforcement) Order, 1938	73	42		Market -
(b) Others				
Other premises under the Act (excluding out - workers' premises)				4
Total	95	52	-	distant.

Factories - Defects.

Number of c	ases	ii Wiiii			
Particulars	Found	Reme- died	to H.M.		Cases in which prose cutions were instituted
Want of clean- liness .	2	2	_	2	_
Sanitary Conven- ience					
(1) Insufficient		_	_		
(2) Unsuitable and Defective		2	_	2	_
(3) Not separate for the sexes	_	_	_	_	-
Total	4	4	_	4	

Outworkers' Premises.

Number on register	• • •	• • •	• • •	8
Work-Making of Wear	ring Appar	el		8
Number of cases of defa	ult in send	ling lists to	Council	
Number of prosecutions	for failure	to supply l	ists	
Number of instances of	work don	ie in unwho	lesome	
premises	• • •	•••	•••	-
Notices served		•••	• • •	•
Prosecutions	• • •	•••	• • •	

MEAT AND FOOD INSPECTION

The following table shows the results of Meat inspection carried out at the Ministry of Food Slaughter House at Stratford-sub-Castle, and the South Wilts Bacon Co. Ltd. The Council will notice that the following figures show a considerable increase in the number of animals killed during 1949 compared with previous years.

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

		·				
1	excl	Cattle uding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
No. Killed	• • •	638	2,777	13,435	9,623	23,202
No. Inspected	•	638	2,777	13,435	9,623	23,202
All diseases except Tubercu losis—		1				
Whole carcase Condemned	es	3	8	48	24	24
Carcases of whe some part organ was condemned	or	8	40	2	10	20
Tuberculosis on Whole carcas condemned Carcases of wh	ses 	. 3	50	ÍO		70
some part organ was co demned		69	627			798
Percentage number inspec with T.B.		1.58%	24'3	% 0 .0 2	2% <u> </u>	3.57%

Cysticercus Bovis ("Measles" in Beef).

During the year routine inspection of all cattle slaughtered has been carried out for the presence of the cystic stage of Tænia Saginata, the Tapeworm which infests the intestines of man.

Eight carcases were found to be affected and in all cases the cysts were confined to the Masseter muscles or the Heart muscles. All the cysts were in a degenerate state.

Milk and Dairies.

The introduction of the Milk and Dairies Act, 1944, and the Milk and Dairies (Special Designations) Act, 1949 and regulations made under these Acts on the 1st October, 1949, made certain changes in administration and responsibility for milk production and also for its subsequent sale for consumption.

Briefly, the Local Sanitary Authority are no longer responsible for any share in the production side but are only concerned with Dairies (not registered as Dairy Farms) and in the distribution and sale of milk. Registration under this new arrangement is as follows:—

Milk and Dairies Regulations 1949: -

- (1) Number of Dairies (not registered as Dairy Farms) 6
 (2) Number of Distributors ... 11
- Milk and Dairies (Special Designations) Raw Milk Regulations, 1949:—
 - (1) Number of Supplementary Licences (T.T.) 3

Nuisances.

Many and varied complaints were received during the year regarding nuisances, but all these were dealt with informally, and I am happy to be able to report that in no case was it necessary to take statutory action under Section 93 of the Public Health Act, 1936.

